

## Department of Energy

## § 431.87

the 30 minute steady state combustion efficiency test. Flue condensate mass shall be measured immediately at the end of the 30 minute collection period to prevent evaporation loss from the sample. The humidity of the room shall at no time exceed 80 percent. Determine the mass of flue condensate for the steady state period by subtracting the tare container weight from the total container and flue condensate weight measured at the end of the test period. For the thermal efficiency test, collect and measure the condensate from the flue gas as specified in Section 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of HI BTS-2000, Rev 06.07.

(iii) *A Boiler That is Capable of Supplying Either Steam or Hot Water—(A) Testing.* For purposes of EPCA, before March 2, 2012, measure the combustion efficiency of any size commercial packaged boiler capable of supplying either steam or hot water either by testing the boiler in the steam mode or by testing it in both the steam and hot water modes. On or after March 2, 2012, measure the combustion efficiency and thermal efficiency of a large (fuel input greater than 2,500 kBtu/h) commercial packaged boiler capable of supplying either steam or hot water either by testing the boiler for both efficiencies in steam mode, or by testing the boiler in both steam and hot water modes measuring the thermal efficiency of the boiler in steam mode and the combustion efficiency of the boiler in hot water mode. Measure only the thermal efficiency of a small (fuel input of greater than or equal to 300 kBtu/h and less than or equal to 2,500 kBtu/h) commercial packaged boiler capable of supplying either steam or hot water either by testing the boiler for thermal efficiency only in steam mode or by testing the boiler for thermal efficiency in both steam and hot water modes.

(B) *Rating.* If testing a large boiler only in the steam mode, use the efficiencies determined from such testing to rate the thermal efficiency for the steam mode and the combustion effi-

ciency for the hot water mode. If testing a large boiler in both modes, rate the boiler's efficiency for each mode based on the testing in that mode. If testing a small boiler only in the steam mode, use the efficiencies determined from such testing to rate the thermal efficiency for the steam mode and the hot water mode. If testing a small boiler in both modes, rate the boiler's efficiency for each mode based on the testing in that mode.

(3) *Calculation of Efficiency—(i) Combustion Efficiency.* Use the calculation procedure for the combustion efficiency test specified in Section 11.2 (including the specified subsections of 11.1) of the HI BTS-2000, Rev 06.07 (incorporated by reference, *see* § 431.85).

(ii) *Thermal Efficiency.* Use the calculation procedure for the thermal efficiency test specified in Section 11.1 of the HI BTS-2000, Rev 06.07 (incorporated by reference, *see* § 431.85).

[74 FR 36354, July 22, 2009]

### ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS

#### § 431.87 Energy conservation standards and their effective dates.

(a) Each commercial packaged boiler manufactured on or after January 1, 1994, and before March 2, 2012, must meet the following energy efficiency standard levels:

(1) For a gas-fired packaged boiler with a capacity (rated maximum input) of 300,000 Btu/h or more, the combustion efficiency at the maximum rated capacity must be not less than 80 percent.

(2) For an oil-fired packaged boiler with a capacity (rated maximum input) of 300,000 Btu/h or more, the combustion efficiency at the maximum rated capacity must be not less than 83 percent.

(b) Each commercial packaged boiler listed in Table 1 to § 431.87 and manufactured on or after the effective date listed in Table 1 of this section, must meet the applicable energy conservation standard in Table 1.

TABLE 1 TO § 431.87—COMMERCIAL PACKAGED BOILER ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

Equipment type	Subcategory	Size category (input)	Efficiency level—Effective date: March 2, 2012 *
Hot Water Commercial Packaged Boilers ...	Gas-fired .....	≥300,000 Btu/h and ≤2,500,000 Btu/h.	80.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Hot Water Commercial Packaged Boilers ...	Gas-fired .....	>2,500,000 Btu/h .....	82.0% E <sub>C</sub>
Hot Water Commercial Packaged Boilers ...	Oil-fired .....	≥300,000 Btu/h and ≤2,500,000 Btu/h.	82.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Hot Water Commercial Packaged Boilers ...	Oil-fired .....	>2,500,000 Btu/h .....	84.0% E <sub>C</sub>
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers .....	Gas-fired—all, except natural draft	≥300,000 Btu/h and ≤2,500,000 Btu/h.	79.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers .....	Gas-fired—all, except natural draft	>2,500,000 Btu/h .....	79.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers .....	Gas-fired—natural draft .....	≥300,000 Btu/h and ≤2,500,000 Btu/h.	77.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers .....	Gas-fired—natural draft .....	>2,500,000 Btu/h .....	77.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers .....	Oil-fired .....	≥300,000 Btu/h and ≤2,500,000 Btu/h.	81.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers .....	Oil-fired .....	>2,500,000 Btu/h .....	81.0% E <sub>T</sub>

\*Where E<sub>C</sub> is combustion efficiency and E<sub>T</sub> is thermal efficiency as defined in § 431.82.

(c) Each commercial packaged boiler listed in Table 2 to § 431.87 and manufactured on or after the effective date listed in Table 2 of this section, must meet the applicable energy conservation standard in Table 2.

TABLE 2 TO § 431.87—COMMERCIAL PACKAGED BOILER ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

Equipment type	Subcategory	Size category (input)	Efficiency level—Effective date: March 2, 2022 *
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers ...	Gas-fired—natural draft	≥300,000 Btu/h and ≤2,500,000 Btu/h	79.0% E <sub>T</sub>
Steam Commercial Packaged Boilers ...	Gas-fired—natural draft	>2,500,000 Btu/h .....	79.0% E <sub>T</sub>

\*Where E<sub>C</sub> is combustion efficiency and E<sub>T</sub> is thermal efficiency as defined in § 431.82.

[74 FR 36355, July 22, 2009]

## Subpart F—Commercial Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps

SOURCE: 69 FR 61969, Oct. 21, 2004, unless otherwise noted.

### § 431.91 Purpose and scope.

This subpart specifies test procedures and energy conservation standards for certain commercial air conditioners and heat pumps, pursuant to Part C of Title III of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6311–6317.

[69 FR 61969, Oct. 21, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 60415, Oct. 18, 2005]

### § 431.92 Definitions concerning commercial air conditioners and heat pumps.

The following definitions apply for purposes of this subpart F, and of subparts J through M of this part. Any words or terms not defined in this sec-

tion or elsewhere in this part shall be defined as provided in 42 U.S.C. 6311.

*Basic model* means all units of a given type of covered product (or class thereof) manufactured by one manufacturer, having the same primary energy source, and which have essentially identical electrical, physical, and functional (or hydraulic) characteristics that affect energy consumption, energy efficiency, water consumption, or water efficiency.

*Coefficient of Performance, or COP* means the ratio of the produced cooling effect of an air conditioner or heat pump (or its produced heating effect, depending on the mode of operation) to its net work input, when both the cooling (or heating) effect and the net work input are expressed in identical units of measurement.

*Commercial package air-conditioning and heating equipment* means air-cooled, water-cooled, evaporatively-cooled, or water source (not including ground water source) electrically operated, unitary central air conditioners and